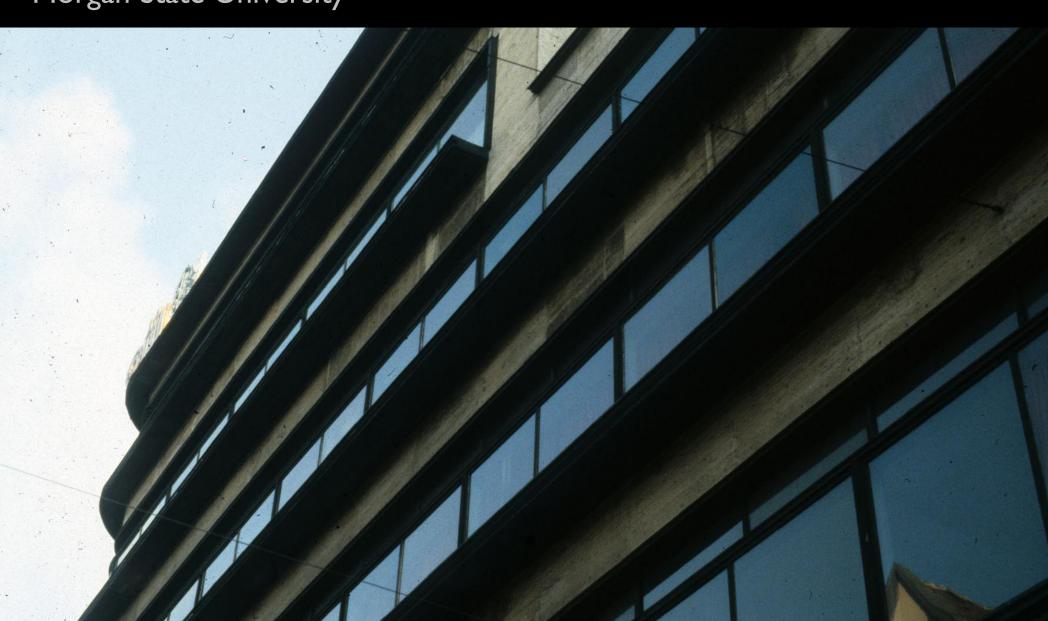
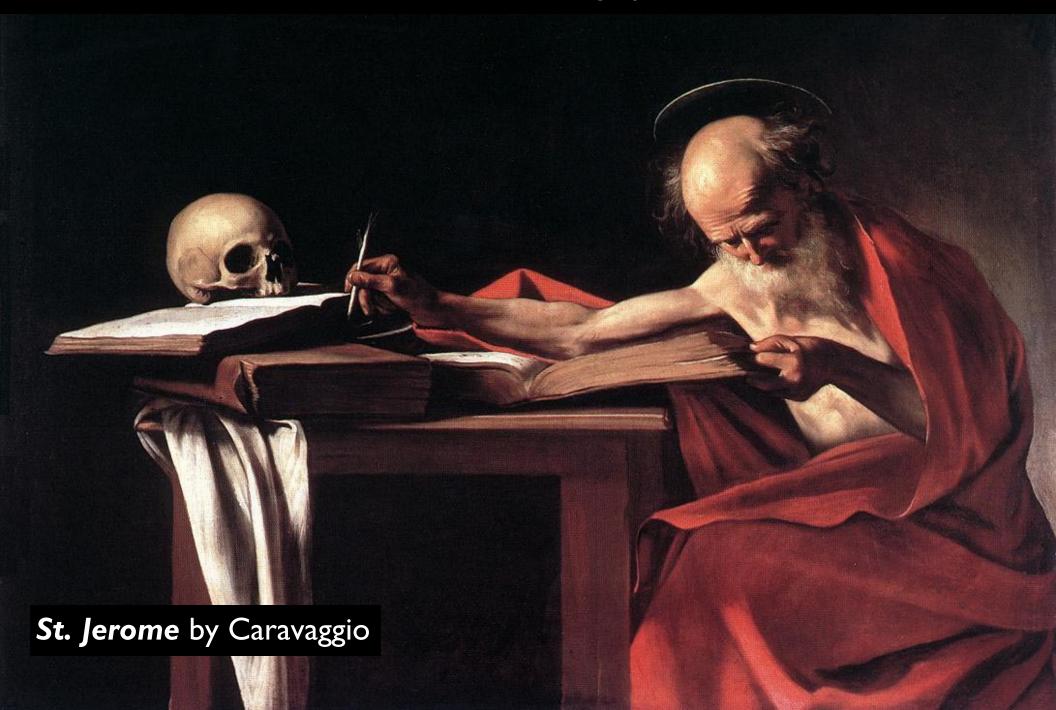
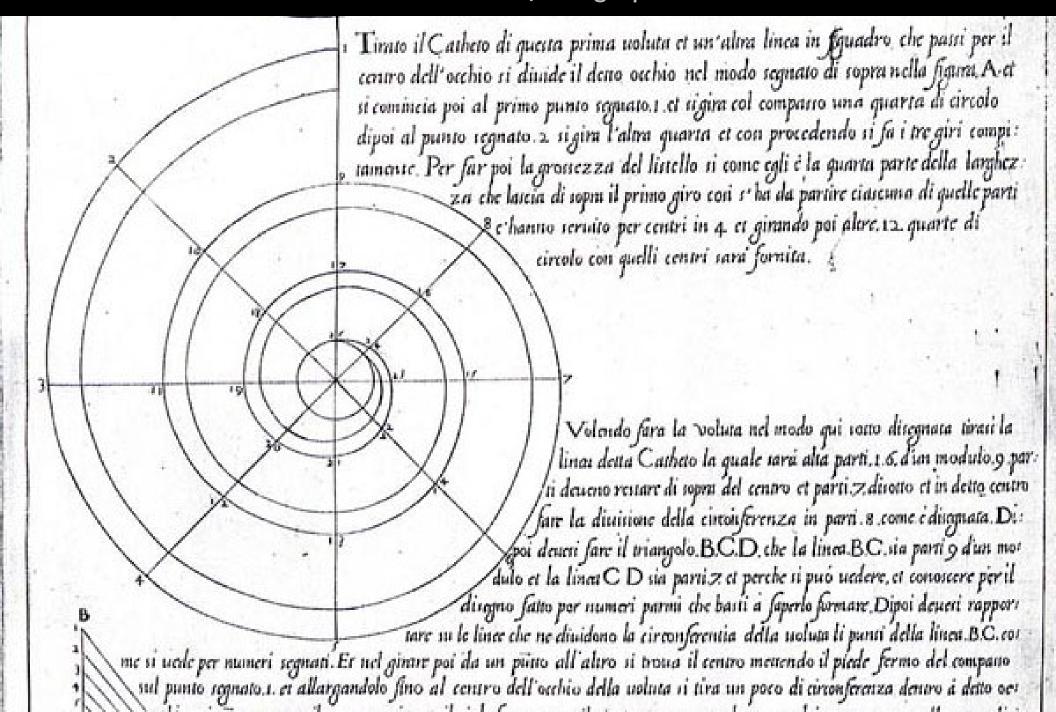
Erich Mendelsohn and a Reconstitution of Geographical Forms, 1919-1929

Jeremy Kargon, Architect + Assistant Professor Morgan State University







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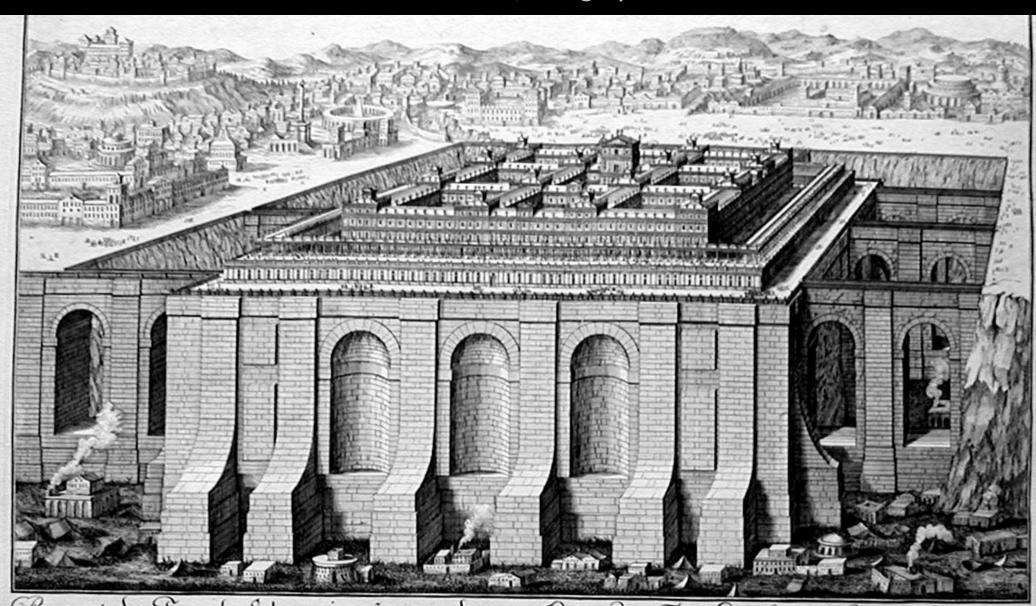
ALPENREISEN UND WÜSTENWANDERUNGEN: ENVISIONING LANDSCAPES OF EARLY MODERNITY

The seventeenth and eighteenth centuries brought with them profound changes in the perception of the natural environment that served to fundamentally reshape the spatial organization of the built environment. Reports and representations of monuments and landscapes, from the mountainous Alps to the deserts of Egypt and the Middle East were catalogued in archaeological tomes or appropriated for architectural treatises by architects such as Fischer von Erlach, William Chambers, and Etienne-Louis Boullée.

This importance of these 'voyages of discovery' as spatial narratives is not to be underestimated and strategies of eliding the spatial configurations of the natural and built environments continued through early modernist projects such as the Alpine architecture of Bruno Taut and his circle. These strategies of elision and transposition challenged dualistic constructs of modernity (ancients vs. moderns, sacred vs. profane, culture vs. technology, etc.), and consistently invigorated modes of architectural production.

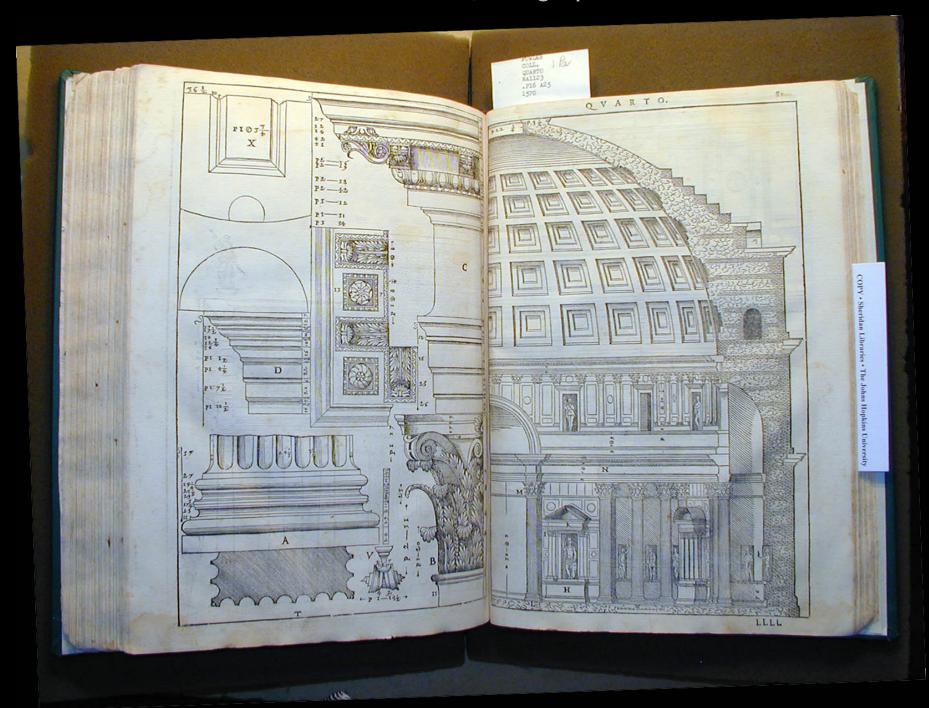
Much recognition has been granted to the interrelationship of natural and built environments in the areas of aesthetics, ideology, and colonization. More recently, an important emphasis has been developed in the area of visual culture. The interest of this session is to take a somewhat different tack: to examine the ways in which treatises on natural environment served as prescriptions or inscriptions as spaces of presence or absence, setting the stage for the idealization of some and the desecration of others. Unlike the oft-valorized Alpine travels, deserts often served as a source of continuous fascination for their architectural qualities and archaeological treasures but never fit comfortably into schema of aesthetic domestication or easily into the arenas of ideological projection and colonial appropriation. This session is particularly interested in exploring the extremes of mountainscapes and desertscapes as sites and countersites of early modernity.

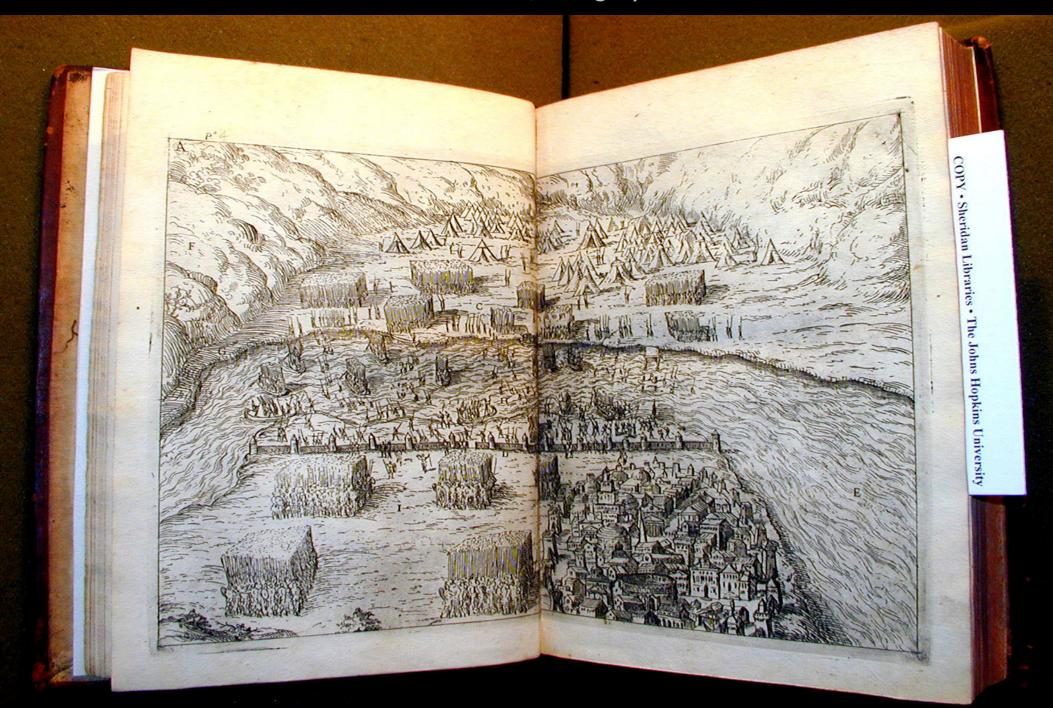
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Prospect des Tempels Salomonis, wie er von der Seiten des Berges Morice and ülehen gewesen. Mie dem Vroph Tachiel und nach dem bein Am Wilalpandi. As Du Ertharung der Bisthaben if in den Grindrich Sichen

Wie du Temple de Salomon du côté du mont Moria : l'echiel, et d'aprés ce Prophète Le R.P. Vilalpandi . 16. L'explication des chifres de trouve à la prémiere page du plan .



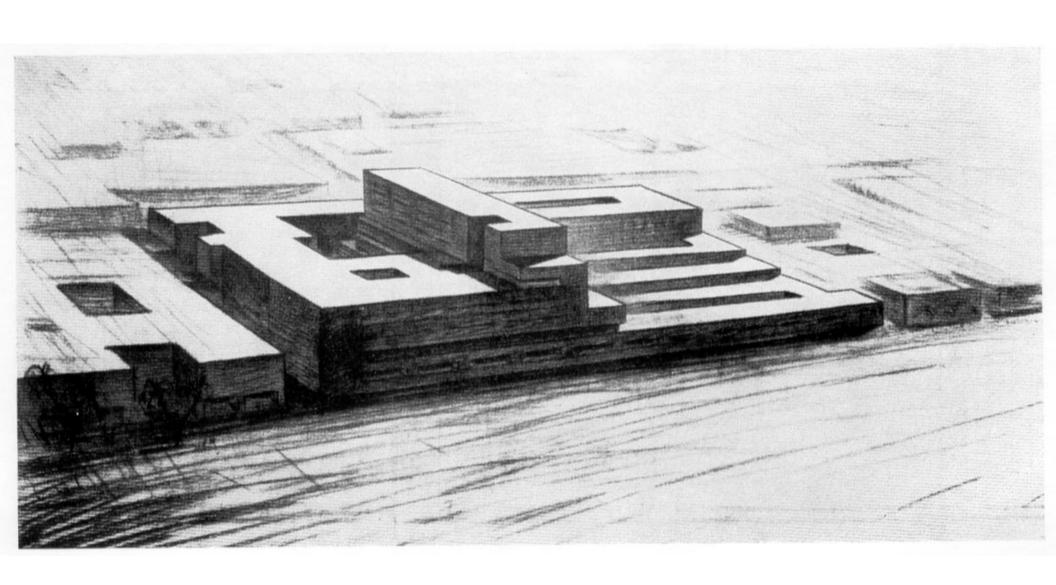


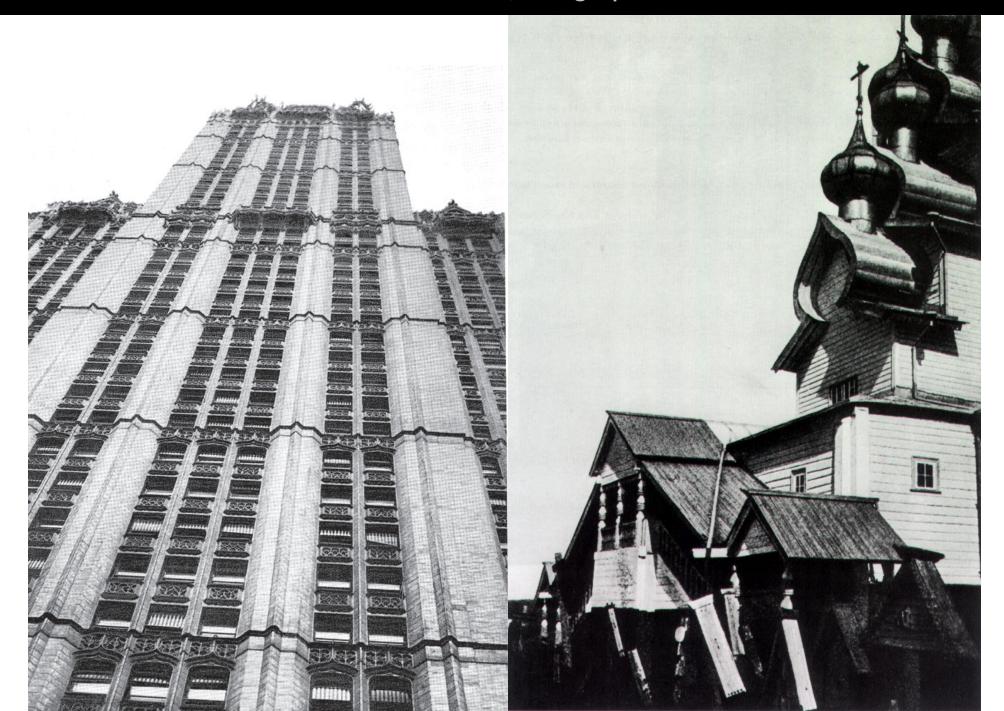
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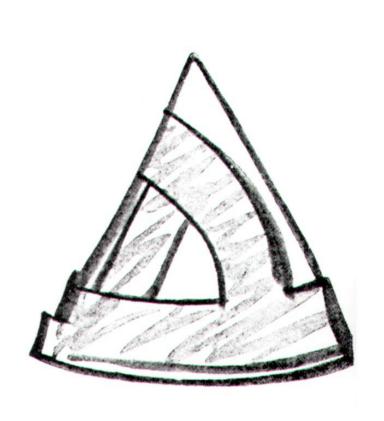


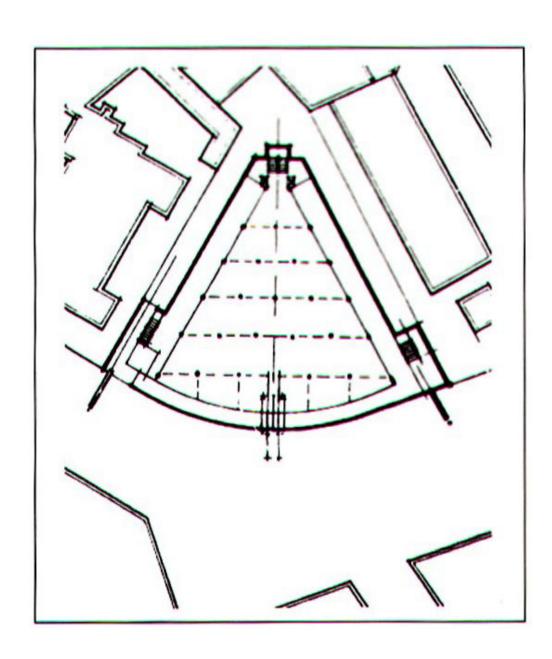














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A landscape is a cultural image, a pictorial way of representing, structuring, or symbolizing surroundings.

Denis Cosgrove and Stephen Daniels

The Iconography of Landscape

(New York: Cambridge University Press, 1988), p. 1.



